



ECHIQUEUR AGENOR EURO SRI MID CAP I

JUNE 2024 (data as of 06/30/2024)



Echiquier Agenor Euro SRI Mid Cap is a stockpicking fund invested in Eurozone growth small and mid cap stocks, mainly selected for the quality of the management.



359 M€

Net assets



1 544.62 €

NAV

Recommended investment horizon

5 years



Fund Managers

Stéphanie Bobtcheff, José Berros

Characteristics

Type	Sicav (subfund)
Sicav	Echiquier
Creation of the Sicav	12/04/2012
Lifetime	Indefinite
Creation of the subfund	12/27/2018
Date of 1st NAV	12/27/2018
ISIN	FR0013387339
Bloomberg code	ECAEMCI FP
Base currency	EUR
Income allocation	Accumulation
Ref. Indic.	MSCI EMU MID CAP NR EUR
SFDR classification	Article 8

Financial information

Entry charge	3% max. not acquired by the subfund
Exit charge	None
Management fees	1,00% incl. taxes
Performance fee	No
Swing pricing	No
Min. subscription	1 000 000 EUR
Fees as of 03/31/2024	
Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses	1,01%
Transaction costs	0,11%
Outperformance fees	No

Operational information

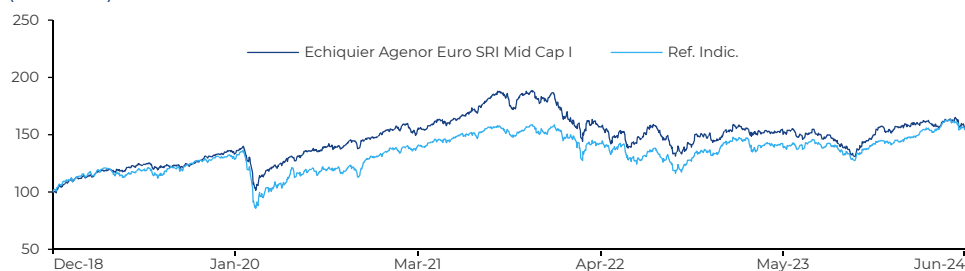
Valorisation frequency	Daily
Cut off	Noon
Settlement	D+2
Fund administrator	Société Générale
Custodian	BNP Paribas SA
Decimalisation	Thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Agenor Euro SRI Mid Cap I turned in a negative monthly performance of -5.11% and of -1.76% year-to-date.

The month was marked by renewed nervousness on European markets following the results of the European elections and the dissolution of the French National Assembly. In June, the growth bias clearly outperformed the value bias, also boosted by the persistent enthusiasm for the technology sector. Against this backdrop, the fund underperformed, penalized by the weakness of French stocks, particularly affected by the electoral context: SPIE -56bps, ELIS -61bps, ID LOGISTICS -66bps, VIRBAC -44bps. By contrast, our technology stocks limited the fund's decline: BESI +47bps, ASM I +42bps. In view of the complex political situation, we reduced our French exposure, mainly on three stocks: NEOEN, EDENRED and SARTORIUS. Exposure to the French market was reduced from 37% to 31% of the fund. We have also withdrawn from CARL ZEISS and reduced our exposure to ALTEN due to worsening operating momentum. Your management team remains attentive to political and economic developments to adjust the portfolio accordingly.

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)

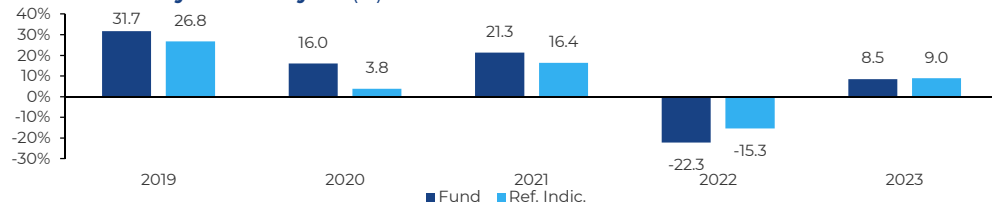


Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	Since inception
Fund	-5.1	-1.8	+2.6	-2.8	+4.7	+8.2
Ref. Indic.	-4.4	+6.7	+9.6	+1.1	+5.5	+8.2

Performance by calendar year (%)



Other risk indicators

(based on weekly figures)

	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	14.1	16.3	16.4	-	15.9
Ref. indicator volatility	12.9	15.6	19.5	-	19.0
Sharpe ratio	0.3	Neg	0.4	-	0.6
Beta	1.0	0.9	0.7	-	0.7
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	-	0.9
Information ratio	-1.0	-0.4	-0.1	-	0
Tracking error	6.6	8.4	10.2	-	10.0
Max. drawdown of the fund	-15.4	-30.5	-30.5	-	-30.5
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-12.6	-26.8	-37.1	-	-37.1
Time to recovery (business days)	33.0	-	-	-	-

Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this indicator: credit risk, liquidity risk, counterparty risk, guarantees. The risk category associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return.

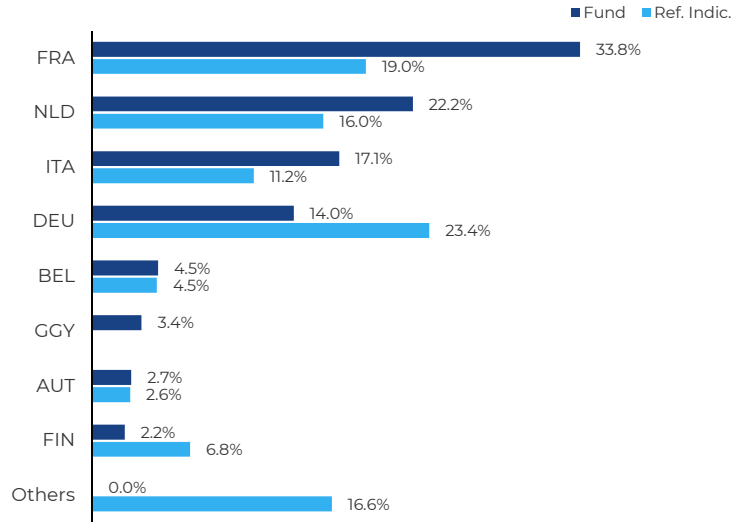
Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2024	4.8	Cash (% of the net assets)	9.0%
PER 2024	24.6	Number of positions	29
Yield	1.9%	Average market capitalization (M€)	7 507
Active share	88.7%	Median market capitalization (M€)	4 959

Source: LFDE

Geographic breakdown

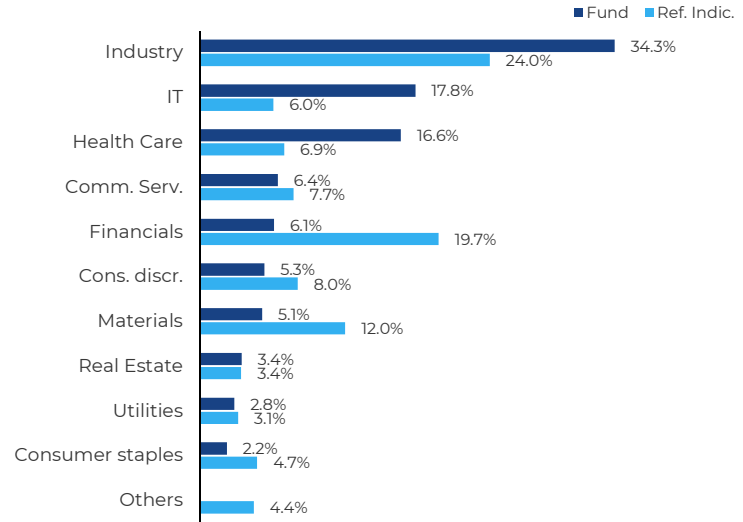
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

Sector breakdown (GICS)

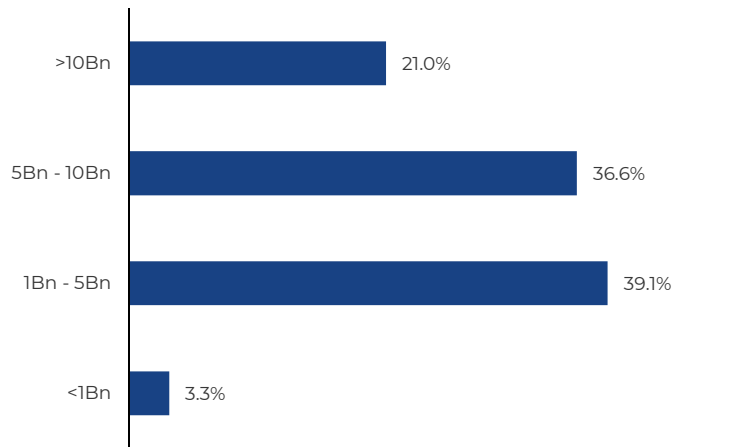
(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: Bloomberg

Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)



Source: LFDE

Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Scout24	DEU	Comm. Serv.	5.8
Recordati	ITA	Health Care	5.5
Virbac	FRA	Health Care	5.0
ASM International	NLD	IT	4.9
Euronext	NLD	Financials	4.8
Spie	FRA	Industry	4.8
ID Logistics	FRA	Industry	4.5
Elis	FRA	Industry	4.3
BE Semiconductor	NLD	IT	3.9
Bechtle	DEU	IT	3.7
Total weight of the top 10 holdings: 47.2%			

Source: LFDE

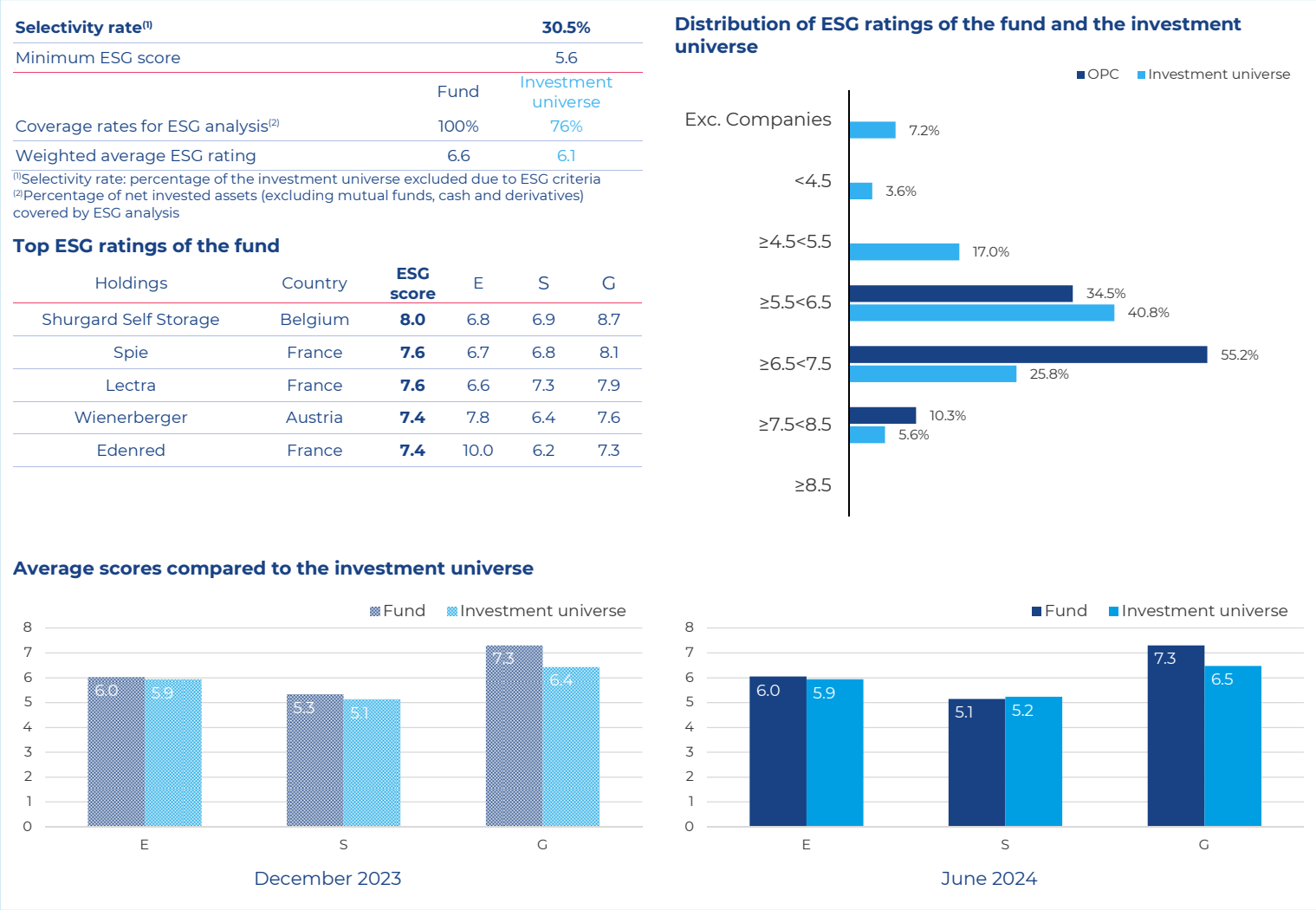
Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
BE Semiconductor	15.7	0.5
ASM International	11.2	0.4
Scout24	4.6	0.2
Weight of the 3 contributors: 13.3%		

Flop 3 contributors		
Holdings	Performance	Contribution
ID Logistics	-13.3	-0.7
Elis	-13.1	-0.6
Spie	-11.0	-0.6
Weight of the 3 contributors: 13.8%		

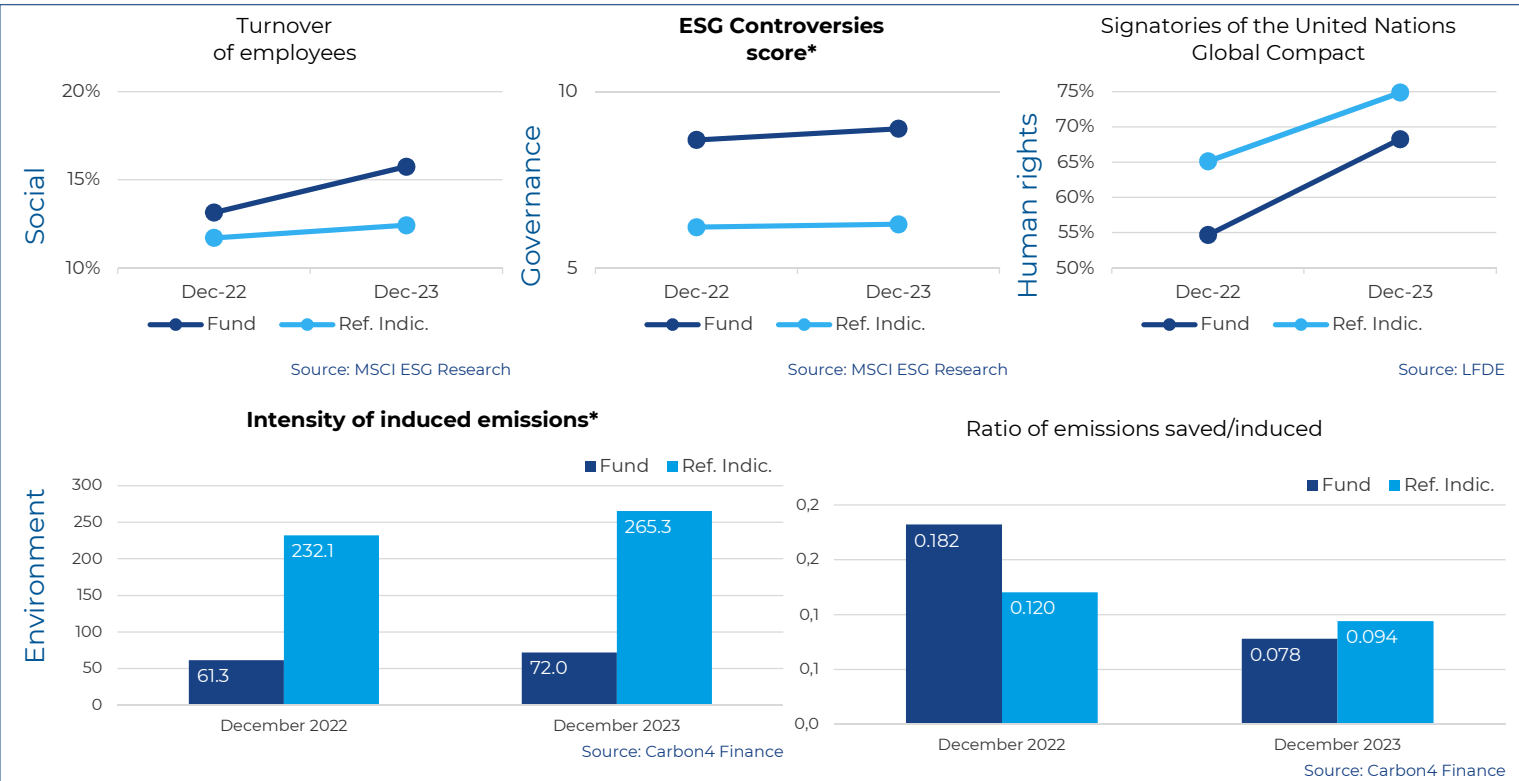
Source: LFDE

ESG Data



Source: La Financière de l'Echiquier and MSCI ESG Research

ESG performance indicators



* The Fund is committed to outperforming its benchmark on these indicators.

Methodologies and coverage rate

		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	06/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	06/30/2024
Turnover of employees	Portfolio	79.8%	86.0%	79.9%	ESG Controversy score	Portfolio	88.8%	95.1%	93.5%
	Ref. indicator	84.2%	87.0%	90.5%		Ref. indicator	100.0%	99.2%	100.0%
					Controversy score of the portfolio = $\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\text{Controversy Score}_i \times \text{Stock Weighting}_i \right)$				
		12/30/2022	12/29/2023	06/30/2024			12/30/2022	12/29/2023	06/30/2024
Signatories of the United Nations Global Compact	Portfolio	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Carbon data	Portfolio	94.1%	100.0%	97.8%
	Ref. indicator	95.0%	99.2%	100.0%		Ref. indicator	98.1%	97.1%	97.2%
					Carbon intensity of the portfolio = $\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{\text{Investment Value}_i}{\text{Fund Net Asset Value}} \times \frac{\text{Carbon Emissions Scope 1,2 \& 3}}{\text{Enterprise Value}_i} \right)$				
					Ratio avoided emissions on induced emissions (CIR) = $\sum_{i=1}^{n1} \left(\frac{\text{Sum of CO2 emissions savings}_i}{\text{Sum of CO2 induced emissions}_i} \times \text{Stock weighting}_i \text{ in the portfolio} \right)$				

Glossary

Lexicon of risk indicators	
Volatility	Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the performance of a share, market or fund.
Sharpe ratio	Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.
Bêta	If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to its benchmark index. For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.
Information ratio	Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.
Tracking error	An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is from its benchmark index.
Max. drawdown	Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.
Time to recovery (business days)	Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").
Sensitivity	Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis	
EV/Sales	Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales.
PER	Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.
Consumer discretionary	In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential.
Basic consumption	As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.
Communication Services	This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services.
Emerging countries	Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.
Commodities	A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy.

Lexicon of credit analysis	
Investment grade bond	A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.
High yield bond	A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.
Duration	The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.
Yield to worst	The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.
Yield (all calls exercised)	The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

Non-financial analysis lexicon	
Selectivity rate	Selectivity rate: percentage of the initial universe excluded for ESG reasons.
Investment universe	Investment universe ("investible universe") meeting the constraints of the prospectus.
Controversy score	This controversy score ranging from 0 to 10 (0 being the worst) is provided to us by MSCI ESG Research. We want to measure whether the companies invested in our UCIs are better than those in their benchmark index in terms of management and occurrence of ESG controversies on themes such as the environment, consumer rights, human rights, labour rights, supplier management as well as governance.
Carbon data	A set of raw data (source Carbon4 Finance) used to calculate the various ratios linked to the fund's carbon footprint: Carbon impact ratio: CO ₂ emissions saved and CO ₂ emissions induced. Carbon intensity: Scope 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions (scope 1 represents direct emissions, 2 indirect energy-related emissions, 3 all other indirect emissions).
Carbon Impact Ratio (CIR)	Emissions saved to emissions induced ratio calculated by Carbon4 Finance, which corresponds to the ratio between GHG emissions avoided and GHG emissions induced by a company (in tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent), known as the CIR. The higher the CIR, the more relevant the company is to the transition to a low-carbon economy. This indicator enables us to assess the relevance of a company's activity to the challenges of combating climate change. For a given company, a CIR greater than 1 means that the activity avoids more greenhouse gas emissions than it induces.
Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI)	Carbon intensity is the weighted average of our UCIs (compared with their benchmark index) using Carbon4 Finance's WACI (Weighted Average Carbon Intensity) methodology. The calculation formula is given in the ESG methodology insert.

For more information

The SICAV was created on December 4, 2012 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on December 27, 2018.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on the characteristics of the sub-fund.

For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com.

Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities, taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities.

Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website www.lfde.com or directly via the link below: <https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf>

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU.